WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- A pharmaceutical composition comprising the alpha chain of hemoglobin in a pharmaceutically acceptible carrier.
- A pharmaceutical composition comprising the beta chain of hemoglobin in a pharmaceutically acceptible carrier.
- A pharmaceutical composition as in claim 1 further comprising the beta chain of hemoglobin.
 - 4. A pharmaceutical composition as in claim 1-3 in unit dosage form.
- 5. A pharmaceutical composition as in claim 4 comprising 0.1 mgs. to 6 gms. of the alpha and/or beta chain of hemoglobin.
- A method of inhibiting stem cell proliferation comprising contacting hematopoietic cells with a stem cell proliferation inhibiting amount of INPROL.
- 7. A method as in claim 6 wherein said INPROL is selected from the group consisting of the alpha chain of hemoglobin and the beta chain of hemoglobin.
- 8. A method of stimulating the growth of B cells which comprises contacting hematopoietic cells with a growth stimulating amount of INPROL.

- 9. A method of treating cancer in a mammal suffering therefrom comprising the steps of:
 - a) administering radiotherapy or chemotherapy, and
 - b) administering a stem cell proliferation inhibiting amount of INPROL
- 10. A method as in claim 9 wherein steps a and b are repeated one or more times.
- 11. A method as in claim 9 wherein step a is conducted after step b.
- 12. A method as in claim 9 wherein step b is conducted within 24 hours before or after step a.
 - 13. A method for treating cancer in a mammal comprising:
 - a) removing bone marrow from said mammal,
 - b) treating said bone marrow ex vivo with INPROL,
 - c) treating said bone marrow of step b with chemotherapy or radiation,
 - d) performing myeloablative treatment on said mammal, and
 - e) transplanting into said mammal the bone marrow of step c.
 - 14. A method as in claim 13 wherein said cancer is leukemia.
- 15. A method of inhibiting stem cell division in a mammal exposed to an agent which damages or destroys stem cells undergoing division comprising administering a stem cell proliferation inhibiting amount of INPROL.
 - 16. A method as in claim 15 wherein said agent is an antiviral agent.

- 17. A method of maintaining mammalian hematopoietic stem cells ex vivo comprising contacting hematopoietic cells with a stem cell proliferation inhibiting amount of INPROL.
- 18. A method as in claim 17 wherein said hematopoietic cells are selected from the group consisting of bone marrow cells, peripheral blood cells and cord blood cells.
- 19. A method of treating a myeloproliferative or autoimmune disease or epithelial stem cell hyperproliferation in a mammal suffering therefrom comprising administering a hyperproliferative reducing amount of INPROL.
- 20. A method as in claim 19 wherein said myeloproliferative disease is a myelodysplastic syndrome.
- 21. A method for differentially protecting normal stem cells and not cancer cells in a mammal from chemotherapy or radiation comprising administering a stem cell protecting amount of INPROL.
- 22. A method as in claim 21/wherein said INPROL is administered after said normal stem cells are induced to proliferate by exposure to a cytotoxic drug or radiation.
- 23. A method of vaccinating a mammal comprising administering INPROL as an adjuvant before, during or after administration of a vaccine.

- 24. A method of purifying an inhibitor of stem cell proliferation substantially free from other proteinaceous material comprising the following steps:
 - a) isolating bone marrow and removing particulate matter from an extract;
 - b) heating said extract and removing precipitate;
 - c) acid precipitating said extract and collecting precipitate; and
 - d) isolating said inhibitor by reverse pahse chromatography.
- 25. A purified inhibitor of stem cell proliferation wherein said inhibitor is purified to apparent homogeneity by the method of claim 24.
- 26. A method of treating a mammal having immunodepression caused by stem cell hyperproliferation comprising administering to said mammal an hyperproliferation reversing amount of INPROL.